

Material Safety Data Sheet

Soder-Wick® No Clean SD

1. Product and company identification

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Product name | : Soder-Wick® No Clean SD |
| Supplier | : ITW Chemtronics 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244 |
| Synonym | : Soder-Wick® No Clean SD. Various codes based on size and flux type, including but not limited to: 60 Series (All Part Numbers) |
| Trade name | : Desoldering Wick Desoldering Braid |
| Material uses | : Electronic Circuit Board Repair - Solder Removal |
| Manufacturer | : ITW Chemtronics 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244 |
| Code | : Soder-Wick® No Clean SD. Various codes based on size and flux type, including but not limited to: 60 Series (All Part Numbers) |
| MSDS # | : 1402 |
| Validation date | : 5/17/2013. |
| Print date | : 5/17/2013. |
| <u>In case of emergency</u> | : Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 or collect 703-527-3887 24/7 |
| Product type | : Solid. |

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Physical state | : Solid. [Metal.] |
| Color | : Copper. |
| Odor | : wood rosin |
| Hazard statements | : CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. |
| Precautionary measures | : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |

Potential acute health effects

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Vapor/soldering fumes May be irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. |
| Ingestion | : Routes of entry not anticipated: |
| Skin | : May cause skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact. |
| Eyes | : May cause eye irritation. |

Potential chronic health effects

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Chronic effects | : Contains material that can cause target organ damage. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

2. Hazards identification

- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eye, lens or cornea.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
May cause sensitization by inhalation.
- Ingestion** : Routes of entry not anticipated:
- Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:irritation
sensitizer
May cause allergic reactions in certain individuals.
- Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | CAS number | % |
|--------|------------|---------|
| copper | 7440-50-8 | 90 - 98 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Non-flammable.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

Special exposure hazards : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient | Exposure limits |
|------------|---|
| copper | <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Notes: as Cu TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dust and mist</p> <p>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as Cu TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume</p> <p>NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 1 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists</p> <p>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume</p> |

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- Engineering measures** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Physical state | : Solid. [Metal.] |
| Color | : Copper. |
| Odor | : wood rosin |
| Boiling/condensation point | : 318°C (604.4°F) |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing materials alkalis metals |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Eyes : May cause mild eye irritation.

Respiratory : May cause sensitization by inhalation. Inhalation of this material may cause sensitive individuals to develop eczema and/or occupational asthma.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|------------------------------------|--|--|----------|
| copper | Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water | Aquatic plants - Lemna minor | 4 days |
| | Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
| | Acute IC50 13 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water | Aquatic plants - Plantae - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7.56 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Nitzschia closterium - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water | Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum | 3 days |
| Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Cambarus bartonii - Mature | 21 days | |
| Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days | |
| Chronic NOEC 0.8 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 6 weeks | |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* | Label | Additional information |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------|-----|-------|------------------------|
| DOT Classification | Not regulated. | Wire | - | - | | Not regulated. |
| TDG Classification | Not regulated. | Wire | - | - | | Not regulated. |
| Mexico Classification | Not regulated. | Wire | - | - | | Not regulated. |
| ADR/RID Class | Not regulated. | Wire | - | - | | Not regulated. |
| IMDG Class | Not regulated. | Wire | - | - | | Not regulated. |
| IATA-DGR Class | Not regulated. | Wire | - | - | | Not regulated. |

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification : Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: copper

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class I SubstancesClean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class II SubstancesDEA List I Chemicals : Not listed
(Precursor Chemicals)DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed
(Essential Chemicals)SARA 302/304Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|--------|---------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| copper | 90 - 98 | No. | No. | No. | No. | Yes. |

SARA 313

15. Regulatory information

| | Product name | CAS number | % |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | copper | 7440-50-8 | 90 - 98 |
| Supplier notification | copper | 7440-50-8 | 90 - 98 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: COPPER
New York : The following components are listed: Copper
New Jersey : The following components are listed: COPPER
Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: COPPER FUME; ROSIN CORE SOLDER PYROLYSIS PRODUCTS

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

- International lists** :
- Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - Japan inventory**: Not determined.
 - Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - Taiwan inventory (CSNN)**: Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals : Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements : CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Health | 1 |
| Flammability | 0 |
| Physical hazards | 1 |
| | |

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :

16. Other information



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