

Silicone-free Heat Sink Compound

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: Silicone-free Heat Sink Compound
Supplier	: Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel: 800-858-4043 1 703-527-3887
Trade name	: Silicone-free Heat Sink Compound
Manufacturer	: Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel: 800-858-4043 1 703-527-3887
Code	: 1978-1, 1978-DP
MSDS #	: 1978-1, 1978-DP
Validation date	: 3/28/2015.
Print date	: 3/28/2015.
In case of emergency	: Chemtrec - 1-800-858-4043 CANTUC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043

Product type

: Solid.

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview		
Physical state	id. [Paste.]	
Color	ıy.	
Hazard statements		N IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
Precautionary measures	not eat, drink or smoke v hing. Wash thoroughly a	when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and after handling.
OSHA/HCS status	s material is considered l CFR 1910.1200).	nazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
Potential acute health effects		
Inhalation	known significant effects	or critical hazards.
Ingestion	known significant effects	or critical hazards.
Skin	htly irritating to the skin.	
Eyes	htly irritating to the eyes.	
Potential chronic health effe		
Chronic effects	ntains material that may o	cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Carcinogenicity	known significant effects	or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	known significant effects	or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	known significant effects	or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	known significant effects	or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	known significant effects	or critical hazards.

2. Hazards identification	
Target organs	: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract.
Over-exposure signs/sy	mptoms
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Medical conditions aggravated by over- exposure	: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients		
Name	CAS number	%
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	65 - 70

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures	
: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.	
 In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. 	
 Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately. 	
: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.	
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
 No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable	: None known.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Special exposure hazards	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

-	-
Handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Storage	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
zinc oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).CEIL: 15 mg/m³ Form: DustTWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and fumesSTEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: FumeOSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: FumeTWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fractionTWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dustOSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: FumeTWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: FumeTWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dustOSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: FumeTWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dustACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Total dustACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fractionTWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Engineering measures	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection	
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eyes	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid. [Paste.]
Flash point	: Closed cup: 296°C (564.8°F)
Color	: Gray.
Boiling/condensation point	: 204°C (399.2°F)
Vapor pressure	: 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Evaporation rate	: 0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailabla								
Chronic toxicity	. NUL av	allable.								
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailabla								
Irritation/Corrosion	. NOL av	allable.								
							I			
Product/ingredient name	Result				Species	Score	Expos	ure	Observ	vation
zinc oxide	Eyes - N	lild irrita	nt	F	Rabbit	-	24 hou		-	
	Skin - M	lild irritar	. +		Rabbit	_	milligra		-	
		inu irritai	it.	ľ	Labbit	-	milligra		-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable.								
Sensitizer										
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable								
Carcinogenicity										
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable								
Classification	. Hotar									
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IAPC	NTP					ACGIH	EDA	NIOSH
_								ACGIN	LFA	
zinc oxide	-	-	-					-	-	None.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>										
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable.								
Teratogenicity										
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable.								
Reproductive toxicity										
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable.								
-										

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

~~

Aquatic ecotoxicity

|--|

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	96 hours 72 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
	and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information						
Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	Nonhazardous	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	Nonhazardous	-	-		-
Mexico Classification	Not regulated.	Nonhazardous	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	Nonhazardous	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	Nonhazardous	-	-		-

. Transport information

Silicone-free Heat Sink Compound					
14. Transport information					
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated.	Nonhazardous	-	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory info	or	mation						
HCS Classification	:	Target orgai	n effects					
U.S. Federal regulations	:	TSCA 8(a) 0	CDR Exer	npt/Parti	al exemption:	Not determin	ed	
		Not determin	ned.					
		Clean Wate	r Act (CV	/A) 307 : 2	zinc oxide			
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed						
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed						
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed						
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed						
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed						
SARA 302/304								
Composition/information of	<u>n</u>	ingredients						
No products were found.								
SARA 304 RQ		Not applicat	ole.					
SARA 311/312								
Classification	: Delayed (chronic) health hazard							
Composition/information of	<u>n</u>	ingredients						
Name			%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
zinc oxide			65 - 70	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	65 - 70
Supplier notification	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	65 - 70

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

<u>State regulations</u> Massachusetts New York

: The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE FUME

: None of the components are listed.

15. Regulatory information

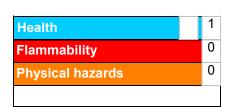
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE (ZNO)
Canada inventory	: Not determined.
International regulations	
International lists	 Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule Il Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	: Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements

: MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

```
Hazardous Material
Information System (U.S.A.)
```



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

÷.

÷

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Silicone-free Heat Sink Compound

16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of printing	: 3/28/2015.
Date of issue	: 3/28/2015.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.