

## 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: Techspray G3® Maintenace Cleaner
Supplier	: Techspray, L.P. 1001 N.W. 1st Street P.O. Box 949 Amarillo, TX 79107
	Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043
Trade name	: Techspray G3® Maintenace Cleaner
Manufacturer	: Techspray, L.P. 1001 N.W. 1st Street P.O. Box 949 Amarillo, TX 79107 Tel: 806-372-8523 Fax: 806-371-8750
Code	: 1630-Aerosol
MSDS #	: 1630-Aerosol
Validation date	: 12/23/2014.
Print date	: 12/23/2014.
In case of emergency	: Chemtrec - 1-800-858-4043 CANTUC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043

Product type

: Aerosol.

# 2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview		
Physical state	÷	Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color	÷	Clear. Colorless.
Odor	÷	Ethereal. [Slight]
Signal word	÷	WARNING!
Hazard statements	:	CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.
Precautionary measures	:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.
OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Potential acute health effects		
Inhalation	:	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed.
Skin	:	Moderately irritating to the skin.
Eyes	;	Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

### 2. Hazards identification

Potential chronic health ef	ifects
Chronic effects	: Contains material that can cause target organ damage.
Carcinogenicity	: Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: the nervous system, eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin,
	central nervous system (CNS).
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: diarrhea nausea or vomiting
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Medical conditions aggravated by over- exposure	: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
trans-dichloroethylene	156-60-5	30 - 60
1,1,1,2 Tetrafluoroethane	811-97-2	10 - 30
ethanol	64-17-5	1 - 5
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1 - 3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures		
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.	
Skin contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.	

## 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	<ul> <li>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.</li> </ul>
Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable	: None known.
Special exposure hazards	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

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Larg	je s	pill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

#### 7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Storage: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool<br/>and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food<br/>and drink. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits	
trans-dichloroethylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).	
-	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 793 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
1,1,1,2 Tetrafluoroethane	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).	
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).	
	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	
	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
Carbon dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Oxygen Depletion	
	[Asphyxiant].	
	STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
	TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).	
	STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.	
	TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
	TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
	TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.	
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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.	
Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Personal protection		
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Eyes	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.	
Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color	: Clear. Colorless.
Odor	: Ethereal. [Slight]
Relative density	: 1.229
Vapor pressure	: 122.7 kPa (920.45 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Evaporation rate	: >1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 0.84 kJ/g

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Ignition distance	: 0 cm
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	: 220 s/m <sup>3</sup>
Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	: 531 g/m³

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	: Elevated temperature Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials alkalis Alkaline.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1500	g/m³	4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2410	0 ppm	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/	kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	1235	mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1247	00 mg/m³	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/k	g	-
: Not available.				
: Not available.				
Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Europ Madagata invitant	Dabbit			
Eyes - Moderate Irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Even Severe irritent	Dabbit			
Eyes - Severe initalit	Rabbit	-		-
Skin Mild irritant	Pabbit			
	ιταυυπ	-		-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_		_
			milligrams	
	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral : Not available. : Not available. Result Eyes - Moderate irritant	LC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat RabbitLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 OralRat: Not available.ResultSpeciesEyes - Moderate irritantSkin - Moderate irritantRabbitEyes - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Moderate irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRabbit	LC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat2410LD50 DermalRabbit>5 g/LD50 OralRat1235LC50 Inhalation VaporRat1247LD50 Oral7 g/k: Not available	LC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat24100 ppmLD50 DermalRabbit>5 g/kgLD50 OralRat1235 mg/kgLC50 Inhalation VaporRat124700 mg/m³LD50 OralRat7 g/kg: Not available.*********************************

<u>Sensitizer</u>

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 11. Toxicological information

<b>Carcinogenicity</b>						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable.				
<b>Classification</b>						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
trans-dichloroethylene	-	-	-	-	-	None.
1,1,1,2 Tetrafluoroethane	-	-	-	-	-	None.
ethanol	-	1	-	A3	-	-
Mutagenicity	·			·		•
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not av	ailable.				
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable.				
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailabla				

### 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Product/ingredient name** Result **Species** Exposure Acute LC50 220000 to 290000 µg/l trans-dichloroethylene Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 hours Fresh water 96 hours ethanol Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water Algae - Ulva pertusa 48 hours Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water 48 hours Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 4 days Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water Algae - Ulva pertusa 96 hours Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -12 weeks Larvae **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available. Persistence/degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

#### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
1,2-Dichloroethylene; Ethene, 1,2-dichloro-, (E)-	156-60-5	Listed	U079

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

### **13. Disposal considerations**

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	-	Consumer commodity	ORM-D	-		Reportable quantity 2222.2 lbs / 1008.9 kg [216.86 gal / 820.9 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	-	Consumer commodity ORM-D	ORM-D	-		-
Mexico Classification	-	Consumer commodity ORM-D	ORM-D	-		-
ADR/RID Class	UN1950	Aerosols, non- flammable (1,1,1,2 Tetrafluoroethane, Carbon dioxide)	2	-		Tunnel code (E)
IMDG Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS IN LIMITED QUANTITIES OF CLASS 2 (1,1,1,2 Tetrafluoroethane)	2.2	-	2	-
IATA-DGR Class	ID8000	Consumer commodity ID8000	9	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

15. Regulatory info	15. Regulatory information				
HCS Classification	: Irritating material Carcinogen Target organ effects				
U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: Pentane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoro- TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined</li> <li>TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Pentane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoro- All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: trans-dichloroethylene</li> </ul>				
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed				

#### 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information of	on ingredients
No products were found	

No products were found.

#### SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
1,1,1,2 Tetrafluoroethane	10 - 30	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.
trans-dichloroethylene	30 - 60	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
ethanol	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Carbon dioxide	1 - 3	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: DICHLOROETHYLENE-TRANS; ETHYL ALCOHOL; CARBON DIOXIDE</li> </ul>
New York	: The following components are listed: Ethene, trans-1,2-dichloro-; Dichloroethylene
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: ETHENE, 1,2-DICHLORO-, (E)-; DENATURED ALCOHOL; CARBON DIOXIDE

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
methanol	No.	Yes.	No.	23000 μg/day (ingestion) 47000 μg/day (inhalation)

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.

### 15. Regulatory information

	Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	: Not listed

### **16. Other information**

Label requirements	: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.
Hazardous Material	

Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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Date of issue	: 12/23/2014.	
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Version	: 2	
Prepared by	: Not available.	
Indicator information that has changed from		

 $\pmb{\mathbb{V}}$  Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

1630-Aerosol

#### 16. Other information

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.